




Question 1

Look at the objects in the table below. Identify what each object symbolises.

OBJECT	WHAT THE OBJECT SYMBOLISES
	a)
	b)
	c)

[3]

Question 2

The Renaissance produced a number of great scientists and mathematicians such as Leonardo da Vinci and Galileo. Read the following statements and decide whether each statement relates to *da Vinci* or *Galileo*, *neither* or *both*.

- Inventor of the astronomical telescope.
- Attempted to build a machine that would help people fly.
- Believes that the Sun is the centre of the solar system.
- Lived in Europe.
- Sailed around the world.
- Changed the way Europeans thought.
- A great artist.
- Known for a good attitude.

[8]

### Question 3

Answer the following questions about Marco Polo.

- a) What was the Silk Road? (1)
- b) Name 4 items he brought back to Europe. ( $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$ )
- c) Give a reason why their relatives did not recognize Marco Polo and his crew members. (1)
- d) What was the name of the book he wrote? (1)
- e) How did his book influence European people? (1)
- f) **Arrange the following statements in order of Marco Polo's life. Rewrite each statement in the correct order.**
- He brought back things that Europeans wanted.
  - He recorded his travels in a book.
  - He sailed home instead of going overland.
  - He travelled to China with his father and uncle on the Silk Road.
  - Marco Polo worked for Kublai Khan for 17 years.
  - Marco Polo and the crew gave a dinner to convince relatives it was really them.
  - When he got home, no one recognized them.
  - Marco Polo was born in 1254. ( $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 = 4$ )

[10]

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### Question 4

Answer the following questions about European Exploration.

- a) Define the term *Renaissance*. (1)
- b) In which country did the Renaissance begin? (1)
- c) During which centuries did the Renaissance take place? (1)
- d) Why was the Renaissance a 'turning point' in history? (1)
- e) How did the lives of wealthy women change during this time? (1)

[5]

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### Question 5

Answer the following questions about inventions and reasons for exploring.

TRUE or FALSE?

- a) Caravels were invented in Spain.
- b) Caravels were ships that relied on crew members to row.
- c) Explorers took guns and gunpowder on their voyages.
- d) Gunpowder is also known as black dust.
- e) A magnetic compass always points North.
- f) The astronomical telescope was built to study far away land.
- g) The Arabs had complete control over the trade routes to the East.
- h) Profit is when something is sold for more than it was bought for.
- i) Explorers used salt to preserve their food.
- j) The Portuguese perfected the art of using the silk from silkworms.

(  $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 = 4$  )

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### Question 6

Answer the following questions about Bartholomew Dias and Vasco Da Gama.

- a) In what year did Dias and his crew land in Mossel Bay? (1)
- b) Briefly describe what happened when the Khoi herders saw Dias and his crew come on land. (2)
- c) Why did Dias and his crew return to Portugal? (1)
- d) What did Dias name the Southern tip of Africa? (1)
- e) In what year did Vasco da Gama leave Portugal? (1)
- f) What does 'Natal' mean? (1)
- g) Why were the Swahili traders not welcoming to Da Gama and his crew? (1)
- h) Who helped Da Gama get to Calicut in India quickly? (1)
- i) Why was Da Gama hailed a hero? (1)

[10]

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TOTAL: 40

[10]

Question 4

- a) A time in history when many ideas were developed. (1)
- b) Italy (1)
- c) 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> centuries (1)
- d) It changed the way people thought/ impacted the rest of the world. (1)
- e) They were allowed to be educated, but not at university. (1)

[5]

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Question 5

- a) False
- b) False
- c) True
- d) False
- e) True
- f) False
- g) True
- h) True
- i) True
- j) False

½ mark each [5]

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Question 6

- a) 1488 (1)
- b) The khoi herders threw stones at Dias and crew. Dias then fired his crossbow killing one of the khoi herders before returning to their ship. (2)
- c) Crew were sick and exhausted. (1)
- d) The Cape of Good Hope. (1)
- e) 1497 (1)
- f) Birth of Christ (1)
- g) They didn't have much to offer as trade items/ they had no need to trade with the Portuguese as they had enough trade with India and China (1)
- h) An Arab pilot named Ahmad Ibn Madjid (1)
- i) He found a sea trade route to India/ proved that there was gold in Southern Africa. (1)

[10]

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TOTAL: 40